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APPLICATION NO. FILING DATE		FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
09/477,910	01/05/2000	PATRIK LARSSON	LARSSON-20-1	9899	
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	ZIMMERMAN		EXAMINER		
226 ST PAUL S WESTFIELD, 1			JAMAL, ALI	EXANDER	
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
		·	2643	11	
			DATE MAILED: 06/24/2003	7	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Ι Δι	pplication No.	Applicant(s)				
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Office Action Summary		9/477,910	LARSSON ET AL.	$\mathcal{M}$			
		kaminer	Art Unit	4.			
The MAN INC DATE of this com		exander Jamal	2643				
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply							
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMM  - Extensions of time may be available under the provafter SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this.  - If the period for reply specified above is less than the fixed period for reply is specified above, the maxim.  - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for Any reply received by the Office later than three more earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704.  Status	IUNICATION. isions of 37 CFR 1.136(a) communication. irty (30) days, a reply with um statutory period will ap reply will, by statute, cau nths after the mailing date	In no event, however, may a ratio the statutory minimum of third oply and will expire SIX (6) MON se the application to become AE	reply be timely filed  by (30) days will be considered timely.  ITHS from the mailing date of this community  BANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	unication.			
1) Responsive to communication	s) filed on <u>05 Janເ</u>	uary 2000 .					
2a)☐ This action is <b>FINAL</b> .	2b)⊠ This a	ction is non-final.					
3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.  Disposition of Claims							
4) Claim(s) is/are pending i	n the application						
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.							
5) Claim(s) 19-22 is/are allowed.							
<u> </u>							
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-18</u> is/are rejected.							
7)⊠ Claim(s) <u>8,9,16,17</u> is/are objected to. 8)□ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.							
Application Papers	Striction and/or ele	schon requirement.					
9) The specification is objected to b	y the Examiner.						
10)⊠ The drawing(s) filed on <u>1-5-2000</u>	•	ted or b) objected to b	y the Examiner.				
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).							
11)☐ The proposed drawing correction filed on is: a)☐ approved b)☐ disapproved by the Examiner.							
If approved, corrected drawings are required in reply to this Office action.							
12)☐ The oath or declaration is objected	ed to by the Exami	ner.					
Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120							
13)☐ Acknowledgment is made of a c	laim for foreign pri	ority under 35 U.S.C.	§ 119(a)-(d) or (f).				
a)□ All b)□ Some * c)□ None	of:						
1. Certified copies of the price	ority documents ha	ave been received.					
2. Certified copies of the price	2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No						
<ul> <li>3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).</li> <li>* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.</li> </ul>							
14) Acknowledgment is made of a cla	im for domestic pr	iority under 35 U.S.C.	§ 119(e) (to a provisional app	olication).			
<ul><li>a) ☐ The translation of the foreign</li><li>15)☐ Acknowledgment is made of a class</li></ul>		• •					
Attachment(s)							
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Revious 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-14-		5) Notice of I	Summary (PTO-413) Paper No(s) nformal Patent Application (PTO-15 72 .				
U.S. Patent and Trademark Office PTO-326 (Rev. 04-01)	Office Action	Summary	Part of Paper No. 4				

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#### **DETAILED ACTION**

#### Claim Objections

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

1. The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

2. Claims 16 and 17 recite the limitation "Control Means" in Claim 1. There is insufficient antecedent basis for this limitation in the claims.

#### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 3. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 4. Claims 1-12, 16 and 17 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Crochiere et al. (5664011), and further in view of Golla et al. (5724395).
  - a. Applicant's Claim 1 is an echo/near-end crosstalk cancellation system containing:
    - 1) A first FIR filter
    - 2) A second FIR filter
    - 3) Means to partition the input data signal such that a portion of the input signal is processed by each FIR filter.

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4) Means for subtracting the outputs of the two FIR filters from the data signal in

order to perform E/N cancellation

Crochiere describes an echo canceller (which would also cancel out near-end-crosstalk)

comprising:

1) A first FIR filter (Fig. 2, reference 128)

4) A means to subtract the filtered output signal from the original input signal

(Fig. 1 and Col. 3, paragraph 8).

However Cochiere does not mention:

2) A second FIR filter

3) A means to partition the input signal.

Golla teaches that using a single higher resolution filter requires more memory (which requires

more power), and more integrated circuit space (Col 1, paragraph. 4-5). In order to help solve

these problems Golla teaches the use of two smaller resolution FIR filters in which a data word is

partitioned and a most-significant-bit portion is filtered by one FIR filter, and the remaining

least-significant-bits are filtered by the second FIR filter (Fig. 3, Col.4, lines 49-58). In view of

Golla, it would have been obvious to one skilled in the art to apply Golla's solution when faced

with the problems of higher resolution filters taking up too much space and drawing too much

power. In view of Golla's solution applied to Cochiere's design it would have been obvious to

add:

2) A second FIR filter

3) Means to partition the input data signal such that a portion of the input signal is

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processed by each FIR filter.

- **b.** Claim 2: Crochiere mentions an adaptable filter (Col. 1 paragraph 5) that is able to adjust its filter output values by adjusting it's filter coefficients based on an error signal.
- c. Claim 3: Golla's solution comprises two separate integrated circuits (Figs. 1-4).
- d. Claims: 4 and 5: Crochiere's echo canceller has an FIR filter containing a plurality of registers (filter elements).
- e. Claim 6: Golla's solution claims a plurality of processors arranged in parallel and coupled to the means for splitting the input signal such that each portion of the partitioned input signal is sent to a separate processor (Golla's Claim 5).
- f. Claim 7: Golla's solution describes that the input signal partition separates the most significant bits and the least significant bits. (Fig. 3 and Col 4, lines 49-58).
- g. Claims 8 and 9: Crochiere describes subtracting the filtered signal from the original input signal (Abstract). With Golla's solution in mind, it would be obvious to subtract each separate filtered partition from the original input signal.
- h. Claims 10 and 11: Crochiere's device includes both an adaptive and non-adaptive filter, with both filters being used to remove portions of an echo signal. When applying Grolla's solution it would be obvious that either adaptive or non-adaptive filters could be used in the dual filter configuration.
- i. Claim 12: Both Crochiere and Grolla mention the use of digital filters.
- j. Claims 16 and 17: Crochiere's device includes taps, delay lines and registers (Fig. 3 and Col. 6) in order to vary the output values of a filter.

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5. Claims 13-15 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Crochiere et al. (5664011) and Golla et al. (5724395) as applied to claim 1, and further in view of Maulik et al. (6260053). Crochiere and Golla describe applicant's claim 1, but do not mention the use of:

- a. using both FIR filters in direct-form
- b. using both FIR filters in transpose-form
- c. using one FIR filter in direct form and the other in transpose form

Maulik teaches that a scalable filter architecture can be implemented in transpose form, and that a scalable filter architecture allows parallel and distributed processing (Col 3, lines 40-53). Maulik also teaches that the transfer function of a direct form filter is identical to that of a transpose form of the filter (Figs. 4-5 Col 6, line 53 to Col. 7 line 26). It would have been obvious to one skilled in the art, that two FIR filters, used to process distributed data could each be configured in any combination of direct or transpose-form in order to perform their function.

6. Claim 18 rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Crochiere et al. (5664011) and Golla et al. (5724395) as applied to claim 1, and further in view of Walker et al. (5570423). Crochiere and Golla describe applicant's claim 1, but do not specify using either fixed or floating-point numbers in the filters. Walker teaches that fixed-point numbers may be used in an FIR filter used in an echo canceller circuit. He also teaches that the same gain can be achieved with a less-expensive fixed-point FIR filter as with a more expensive floating point FIR filter. (Col. 9, line 64 – Col. 10, line 13). It would have been obvious to one skilled in the art that

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fixed-point numbers could be used when implementing the FIR filters in order to provide a more cost effective solution.

## Allowable Subject Matter

- 7. The following is a statement of reasons for the indication of allowable subject matter:
  - The Prior art of record (Golla, Maulik, Walker, Crochiere) fails to teach:
  - a. Claim 19: A method for partitioning data words in an echo/near-end-crosstalk cancellation circuit for a communications system, comprising the steps of:

determining a first bit resolution from a predetermined number of a plurality of echo/near-end-crosstalk (E/N) signals having a lowest amplitude;

determining a second bit resolution by subtracting the first bit resolution from a bit resolution of a single signal from a plurality of E/N signals having a highest amplitude; and

partitioning the plurality of E/N signals such that a first portion is processed by a first FIR filter having a data path identical to the first bit resolution, and a second portion comprised of bits having a data size exceeding the bit width of the first FIR filter is processed by a second FIR filter having a data path identical to the second bit resolution.

b. Claim 22: A method for partitioning a data signal, comprising the steps of:

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determining from a plurality of echo/near-end-crosstalk (E/N) signals a maximum bit resolution associated with a single signal having a highest amplitude;

selecting a first FIR filter and a second FIR filter each having a bit resolution equal to at least half of the maximum bit resolution; and

partitioning the plurality of E/N signals such that a first portion is processed by the first FIR filter, and a second portion comprised of bits having a data size greater than the bit width of the first FIR filter are processed by the second FIR filter.

These limitations, in combination with the remaining limitations of claims 19 are not taught nor suggested by the prior art of record.

Any comments considered necessary by applicant must be submitted no later than the payment of the issue fee and, to avoid processing delays, should preferably accompany the issue fee. Such submissions should be clearly labeled "Comments on Statement of Reasons for Allowance".

#### Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Alexander Jamal whose telephone number is 703-305-3433. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F 8AM-5PM.

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If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Curtis A Kuntz can be reached on 703-305-4708. The fax phone numbers for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned are 703-746-6185 for regular communications and 703-746-7251 for After Final communications.

AJ June 12, 2003

DUC NGUYEN
PRIMARY EXAMINED